

James Monroe Ingalls (1837-1927) was an American soldier and an authority on ballistics. His ballistic tables were the authoritative source for over 100 years.

James Monroe Ingalls moved to Madison, Wisconsin with his parents about 1856. He became a professor of mathematics in the Evansville Seminary, Wisconsin, 1860-1863. He enlisted in the regular army, January 2, 1864 during the Civil War, and was assigned to the 16th Infantry; was promoted corporal and served as commissary and quartermaster-sergeant until May 21, 1865. He was promoted 2d and 1st lieutenant May 3, 1865, accepting the promotions May 21, 1865. On April 17, 1869, he was transferred to the 2d Infantry; on Jan. 1, 1871, to the 1st artillery; was Commandant of Cadets and Professor of Military Science and Tactics and Mathematics at West Virginia University 1877-78. He was a very popular professor. He was promoted captain of artillery July 1, 1880; major June 1, 1897, and lieutenant-colonel October 5, 1900. He served in Tennessee, Alabama, and Georgia, and other points in the south 1864-71, and was then sent to the artillery school, Fort Monroe, graduating in the class of 1872. He was next stationed successively at Plattsburgh barracks, and Forts Jefferson and Barrancas, and in July 1880, was assigned to the command of Battery A, Governor's Island, New York Harbor, and thence transferred to San Francisco Harbor, where he served until ordered to Battery G at Fort Munroe 1882. He suggested and organized the department of ballistics at the artillery school, Fort Monroe, and was made the first instructor Dec. 19, 1882, which position he held until the school suspended operations in the spring of 1898 on account of the war with Spain. He was also senior instructor in practical artillery exercises, class of 1884; in engineering, class of 1888; in electricity and defensive torpedoes, classes of 1884, 1886, 1888, and 1890; and in signaling, 1884-88. Lieutenant Colonel Ingalls retired from the Army in 1901; in 1904, he was made colonel retired. James Monroe Ingalls died May 1, 1927 in Providence, Rhode Island.

LOCAL CIVIL WAR VET GIVES EARLY HISTORY OF U. W.

Melvin Ingraham, 83, one of the five surviving members of the local post of the G. A. R., attended the University of Wisconsin when it boasted of only 600 students.



Melvin Ingraham

"I entered the school with Burr Jones shortly after the close of the Civil war and like many of the other students worked for my board, room, and tuition clearing the campus which was then a forest grown up with under brush," explained the veteran in commenting on his education.

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"At that time the school had three buildings, two dormitories, one for girls and one for boys, and a chapel which were heated by wood burning stoves. The faculty was comprised of not more than three teachers at the most," he said.

Born in Hamden, Ohio, Feb. 12, 1847, Mr. Ingraham celebrated his 83rd birthday here on Wednesday of last week. He came to Wisconsin with his parents in 1885 and was one of the first settlers in Union township. He enlisted in the Civil war Feb. 14, 1865 at the age of 18 and was honorably discharged from the Benton Barricks hospital at St. Louis, Sept. 29, 1865. He was a member of the 49th Wisconsin infantry.

Mr. Ingraham well remembers the early history of Evansville and often speaks of the time he built the first fence around the old grade school building. He is residing at the residence of Miss Statia Henneberry, 4 Railroad street, with whom he has made his home for the past 18 years.

CIVIL WAR VETERAN CLAIMED BY DEATH

Melvin Ingraham, 83, One of
Five Survivors, Dies Here
Friday; Buried in Oregon

Melvin Ingraham, 83, one of the
five surviving members of the local
post of the G. A. R. died in the home
of Miss Stacia Henneberry, 14 Rail-
road street, at 11:45 a. m. Friday
following a lingering illness of heart
disease.



Melvin Ingraham

Mr. Ingraham was born in Hampton, Ohio, Feb. 12, 1847 and moved with his parents to Wisconsin in 1855. He enlisted in the Civil war Feb. 14, 1865 at the age of 18 in the 49th Wisconsin infantry and was honorably discharged from the Benton Barricks hospital at St. Louis, Sept. 29, 1865.

Following the war, the veteran entered the University of Wisconsin when it had only 600 students. Like many of the other students he worked for his board, room, and tuition clearing the campus which was then a forest grown up with under brush.

After attending college for a year, he bought a farm in the township of Rutland, Dane county. This he sold 15 years ago and retired to the village of Oregon where he lived several years making his home with Miss

(Continued on last page)

CIVIL WAR VETERAN CLAIMED BY DEATH

(Continued from first page)

Stacia Henneberry and her brother, Richard. When the Henneberrys moved to Evansville, several years ago, he came with them and continued to make his home with them until his death.

Mr. Ingraham well remembered the early history of Evansville and often spoke of the time he built the first fence around the old gray school. He was a man of lovable personality, naturally patriotic, always enthusiastic, and hopeful for the welfare of his country. His particular delight was in the story of Lincoln and the Civil war.

He loved the sight of the flag, the sentiments of Decoration day, the

life and character of the men and women whose devotion and sacrifices have made our country what it is. He was a kind neighbor, a lovable companion, always upright and honest in his dealings with his fellow men. All who knew him mourn his loss.

Funeral services were held here in the Baptist church Sunday afternoon, the Rev. G. C. Saunderson of the Methodist church officiating. The song service was presented by Mrs. William Bewick. Following the services the funeral procession, escorted by the Boy Scouts of Evansville accompanied by Scoutmaster Arthur Devine, moved to the village of Oregon where D. H. McGill sang and A. H. Sholts gave a short address. The remains were interred in Prairie Mound cemetery, Oregon.

In closing his address, Mr. Sholts quoted, as applicable to Melvin Ingraham and his comrades of the Civil war, the oration over the Athenian dead: "Their glory shall never die, the whole wide world is their sepulchre, their epitaphs are written in the hearts of mankind and wherever there is speech and noble deeds, their names shall be held in remembrance.

May 15, 1930, Evansville Review, p. 1 & 8, Evansville, Wisconsin

Lee, Caleb

Taken from "The History of Rock County, Wis." (c)1879, p. 880.

CALEB E. LEE, Lieut. of Engineers U.S.N., Sec. 12; P.O. Evansville; born Nov. 19, 1835, in Crawford Co., Penn.; came to Wisconsin with his parents in 1847, and worked for his father till 1853, when he went to Janesville and learned a mechanic's trade with the Western Novelty Works; in the spring of 1856, he went to Minnesota, and worked at his profession as engineer on the river and in a sawmill; in the fall of 1858, he went to New York City and followed his trade till April, 1861, when he received the appointment of Third Assistant Engineer; U.S.N.; in January, 1863, was promoted Second Assistant Engineer, and in January, 1865, First Assistant Engineer, now called Past Assistant Engineer, with the assimilated rank of Lieutenant; from the 3d of May, 1861, to the 16th of June, 1865, Mr. LEE served continuously through the war; he was on the U.S.S. Anacosta, on the Potomoc River, on picket duty principally, but they fought and silenced the rebel battery on Atacqua Creek; he served on the Pocahontas, under Admiral Dupont, at the taking of Port Royal, S.C., in the fall of 1861; went on this station till the following summer, fighting several engagements along the coast; in the fall of 1862, they joined Admiral Farragut's fleet in a blockade off Mobile, Ala., where they captured several blockade runners; on the Tacony, he served under Admirals Lee and Porter with the North Atlantic Squadron; fought both engagements at Fort Fisher, and was at the surrender and retaking of Plymouth on the Roanoke River, N.C., and was on blockade duty on the Albermarle and Pamlico Sounds; he returned with this ship to Boston, Mass., which went out of commission at the close of the war; in August, 1865, he joined the U.S.S. Wasp, at Philadelphia, and went with the Brazilian Squadron, visiting the whole east coast of South America, the Falkland Islands, the west coast of Africa, from Cape Town to the Congo River, St. Helena, etc.; he returned home in the fall of 1868; in the spring of 1869, he was ordered to the Mound City Navy Yard, Illinois, for iron-clad duty, remaining there and at New Orleans for two and one-half years; in the fall of 1871, he joined the U.S.S. Pensacola, at San Francisco, cruising on the west coast of South America; in September, 1872, he was sent home from Panama, sick, and was on sick leave till the fall of 1875, when he joined the iron-clad steamer Mahopac, at Pensacola, Fla., but in three months was sent home by medical survey; in December, 1876, he was placed on the retired list, and is at present living on his farm of 280 acres, in Magnolia Township, Rock Co., Wis.; he is a member of Lodge No. 32, Chapter NO. 35, Masons.

Taken from "The History of Rock County, Wis." (c)1879, pp. 879-880.

John M. Lee

JOHN M. LEE, farmer, Sec. 1; P.O. Evansville; born July 26, 1841, in Crawford Co., Penn.; came to Wisconsin with his parents in 1847; enlisted in Co. D, 13th W.V.I., Nov. 21, 1860, and was discharged Dec. 24, 1864, when he returned home; in 1866, bought his farm of eighty acres of land. Married Miss Lottie DONALDSON, of Rock Co., Nov. 28, 1869; they have two children - Harry and Eugene. He is a member of Excelsior Grange, No. 108; he and his wife are members of the Congregational Church.

Taken from "The History of Rock County, Wis." (c)1879, p. 880.

Oscar E. Little

Oscar Little passed away Saturday evening last, aged 65.

For many years the deceased has been a sufferer from cancer and many times he has been willing and anxious to sever all ties to this earth. He leaves a wife and son to mourn the loss of a kind husband and father. Funeral held Monday, the Rev. Churm officiating.

February 2, 1905, Evansville Review, Evansville, Wi

Oscar E. Little died at his home in this city, Saturday evening, Jan. 28, 1905, aged 66 years. He had been a great sufferer from cancer for several years past. The deceased was born in Vermont, and in an early day came to Wisconsin. He enlisted in the 22d, Reg. New York Infantry in which he performed an honorable service during the war of '61 to '65. He resided in Chicago about 15 years where he was special agent for the Illinois Humane Society, and on account of poor health removed to this city.

In 1883 he was married to Miss Alice Heartt, who has been most devoted to him during his past years of suffering. Besides his wife, he leaves one son, Orange, and an adopted daughter, Mrs. Clara Tripp, of Kansas.

The funeral services were held from the home, Monday afternoon, under the auspices of the G. A. R. Interment in Maple Hill cemetery. Mrs. Little's brother, Chas. Heartt, and his son, from Chicago were here to attend the funeral.

Feb. 4, 1905, The Badger, Evansville, WI

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Albert C. Mason

Albert C. Mason is buried in the Original Plat, Block 1, lot, 14 5-a (or at least the tombstone is there). It reads as follows:

Albert C. Mason, son of G. C. & H., age 24 years, died November 23, 1864, Civil War. of the US Gun Boat LaFayette who died at Memphis Tennessee.

AMBROSE MOORE

AMBROSE MOORE, the fourth child of Phila (WRIGHT) MOORE and her husband William Moore, was born in the town of Durham, Greene County, New York on March 1, 1815. He was a boy who always made the best of his opportunities. He was a boy who devoted his leisure moments in thoroughly learning the various sciences, with the result that in many instances would today make ashamed many college bred young men and women who had far greater learning opportunities. Ambrose MOORE was a man that needed only the knowledge that an advanced education gives to have placed him among the leaders of the great movements that engross the minds of our statesmen and philanthropists. As it was, the man stood foremost among his associates and commanded the respect and admiration of all his acquaintances. When he was twenty-one years old in 1836, Ambrose moved with his uncle Ezra WRIGHT to Wisconsin, traveling all the way from Greene County, New York to Rock County, Wisconsin with an ox team. Mr. MOORE selected a farm in Magnolia Township near Evansville, Wisconsin (at that time called "The Grove") and his uncle selected one at Beaver Dam, in Dodge County, Wisconsin.

Mr. MOORE served twice in the war for the Union. At its beginning, he enlisted in the 3rd Minnesota Volunteers, in which he served for about one year, when his company was taken prisoner at Hurfreesboro, Tennessee. Being paroled, Ambrose was sent back to Minnesota to fight the Indians. There he was discharged for physical disability, caused by incipient cataract. Before the war, Mr. MOORE had rented his farm in Wisconsin and moved with his family to Winnebago, Minnesota, near which place he preempted another far. On that farm there stood a church known as "The Busy Church." Selling this farm, he returned to his farm in Wisconsin, when he again enlisted (with his eldest son) in the 42nd Wisconsin Volunteers, serving as Corporal until the close of the war.

Mr. MOORE made another pioneering venture. This time he took his son Milton MOORE and

went to Kansas, where he located his son upon a farm and returned to his home in Wisconsin where he lived until his death, which occurred March 21, 1877. His loss was keenly felt by all who knew him, being regarded in all the enterprises of the town where he so long had made his home, as their leader, and as one whose integrity was without blemish, whose unselfishness as a neighbor and friend was almost without parallel. His patriotism could not be questioned, as he and his son, whom he took with him in the army, were not included within the limits of age, and although his permanent physical disability was contracted during his service, and the fine residence he had built for the home of his family was destroyed by fire while he was away at the front, he never applied for a pension. At the time of his death, he was engaged in making extensive preparations for the breeding of fine stock. Ambrose Moore is buried at Maple Grove Cemetery, West Magnolia, Wisconsin.

His actions in life were guided by Christian convictions, but he never was connected with any church organizations. His restless, intrepid nature made him a good instance of that class of heroic men who pioneered the great West and paved the way for the millions who now make it their home.

Ambrose MOORE was married twice. In 1840 he married Lucy Ann PUTNAM, by whom he had four children, namely:

- Milton MOORE, who married Elizabeth NORMAN
- John MOORE
- Phila MOORE
- Marie MOORE who married Albert DILLREE

In 1857 Mrs. Moore died, and about one year later, Ambrose married Sarah C. Cole, by whom he had nine children:

- Belle MOORE, who first married Henry CASFORD, and who second married C. W. BROOKS
- Amelia MOORE, who married James D. HARVEY
- Adelaide MOORE
- Elizabeth MOORE, who married F. S. WOOD
- William MOORE, who married Alice FOX
- Effie MOORE, who married William CARLSON
- Charles E. MOORE, who married Emma CAMPBELL
- Maude MOORE, who married Harvey WOOD
- Clara L. MOORE

A photograph of Ambrose MOORE can be found in the book "There Stands Old Rock" by Thomas Waltermann (on the back cover and on p. 296).

Courtesy of [Donald Moore](#)

CLINTON W. MOORE

CLINTON W. MOORE, farmer, Sec. 8 [Union Township]; P.O. Evansville; born Sept. 8, 1836, in Durham, Greene Co., N.Y.; came to Wisconsin Nov. 7, 1853, and worked for his father until 1806, when he bought his farm of eighty-three and one-half acres. In the fall of 1864, he enlisted in the 44th W.V.I., and served with them till the fall of 1865, when he received his discharge. The land was wild when he purchased it, but it is now thoroughly cultivated, and he has built a large barn, enlarged and improved the house, and made many other improvements. He raises general farm produce, stock, grain, hay, etc. Married Miss Abbie J. BABCOCK, of Magnolia Township, Nov. 10, 1856. Had five children - Phila, born Sept. 17, 1859, died April 16, 1860; Albert O., born June 17, 1861; Myrtie, born Aug. 5, 1867; Guy, born October 25, 1875; Arthur, born Jan. 22, 1879. He is a Director of the School District, has served as Pathmaster five years, and is a member of the Evansville Grange.

Taken from "The History of Rock County, Wis." (c)1879, p. 880.



Clinton W. MOORE, the tenth child of Phila (WRIGHT) MOORE and her husband, William MOORE, was born at Cobleskill, Schoharie County, New York, September 8, 1837. When a small child, he moved with his parents to Goversville, Fulton County, New York. The next move was also made with his parents to Johnstown, Fulton County, New York. There he received early education on the farm and at the District School, both of which trainings were of the greatest benefit to him as he grew to manhood. Again, Clinton moved with his parents from Fulton County, New York to Durham, Greene county, New York, where he finished his school days.

In 1855, with his parents, he moved to Magnolia, Wisconsin, and remained with them on a farm for one year. In either 1856 or 1857 he married Abby Jane BABCOCK of Magnolia. This event was the beginning of a new career for Clinton. He chose farming for his occupation and settled with his wife on a farm in Magnolia, where he lived and prospered.

Early in 1865, he enlisted in the was for the Union at Magnolia, Wisconsin, under Captain Leonard House, for six months or one year, and went immediately to Nashville, Tennessee. During his stay of six months, he was twice called into line of battle, but no engagement followed. From Nashville, they were called to East Port, Mississippi, to capture Jefferson Davis, but were ordered back to Nashville before the capture. Arriving at Nashville again, Mr. MOORE was assigned Orderly Sergeant Clerk, which office he filled with credit. From Nashville they were ordered to Paducah, Kentucky, relieving 15,000 colored troops at that place. General Meredith, commander of that Division, was dishonorably discharged for letting General Hood and staff into the city of Paducah. Colonel Simms of the 44th Wisconsin Volunteers took General Meredith's place at Paducah. Here Clinton sickened of Malarial Fever and was ordered to the hospital, where he remained three weeks, at the expiration of which his Company was ordered to Prairie Du Chien, and thence to Madison, Wisconsin, where he was honorable discharged.

Clinton returned to his home at Magnolia, where his wife had remained on the farm during her husband's absence, and where they continued to live in prosperity, making the best of circumstances. Mr. MOORE would have become morose and discouraged had he been less of a Christian. His simple-minded and unsuspecting nature had caused him to suffer much at the hands of the dishonest and evil-minded. But he far preferred to be imposed upon than to be the imposer. This view of such matters assisted him to bear losses, which he never allowed to affect his good-natured, jolly, impulsive and sympathetic soul. He never tired of making sacrifices for the comfort and pleasure of his wife and children. In politics, Clinton MOORE was a decided Democrat, and in Religion he was a Methodist, which church he joined in 1881. Mr. and Mrs. MOORE had five children, who were named respectively:

- Frances Phila MOORE
- Albert Oconnor MOORE, who married Etta W. DAVIS
- Myrtie G. MOORE, who married Arthur SPENCER
- Guy E. MOORE, who married Lulu M. BABCOCK
- Arthur C. MOORE, who married Lydia ARGON

Clinton Moore died in 1916 and is buried at Maple Hill Cemetery in Evansville, Wisconsin.

Courtesy of [Donald Moore](#)

Zeba C. MOORE

ZEBA CLARK MOORE, a representative farmer of Magnolia Township, residing on section 8, has been a resident of this county since the early days of its history. He was born in the town of Montgomery, N.Y., February 28, 1834, and is a son of William and Phila (WRIGHT) MOORE, the father is a native of Germany, and the mother of New York. William MOORE received his education in his native land and after his emigration turned his attention to farming, which occupation he followed until his death. He was married in this country, and in 1858, emigrated with his family to Rock County, Wis., locating first in Johnstown Township, where he made his home until 1861, when he removed to Magnolia Township. Purchasing 140 acres of land on section 8, the family removed to their new home, a little log cabin which is still standing and is used as a side building by our subject. The father there continued to reside, engaged in agricultural pursuits, until his death, which occurred on the 18th day of February, 1873. He was one of the highly respected and honored citizens of the community, and his death was a loss not only to his family but to many friends. His excellent wife survived her husband until November, 1879, when she too was called to her final rest. Both were members of the Methodist Episcopal Church, and took great interest in church work, training their children to love and respect the teachings of the Bible. This early instruction has not been forgotten by them for all have become respectable men and women, occupying useful and responsible positions in life. Their family numbered nine sons and two daughters, all of whom attained to mature years - Philander W. is now living in New York in the town of Gloversville; Montgomery, one of the first settlers of Wisconsin, died in this State; Ambrose, who was a leading citizen of Magnolia, died in 1877; William died in Black River County, N.Y.; Philip was a resident of this State during its pioneer days, but later returned to New York, where his death occurred many years ago; Betsy M.

became the wife of Peter MERRITT, of Albany County, N.Y.; John E. is a minister of the Adventist faith, now in Otter Tail County, Minn.; Caroline became the wife of James CHRISTIE, and died in 1870, her husband's death occurring in 1872; Francis O. died in Los Angeles, Cal., in 1883; Clinton W. is engaged in farming in the town of Magnolia.

Our subject was twenty years of age at the time of the removal of the family from New York to Rock County, since which time, he has been numbered among its citizens. He assisted his father in the cultivation of the farm until the 12th day of February, 1865, when he enlisted in Company I, of the 44th Wisconsin Infantry, but was discharged in July the same year on account of disability caused from the exposure and hardships incident to army life. While in the service he did duty at Nashville, Tenn., Paducah, Ky., and at Eastport, Ala. After his return, being broken down in health, he was compelled to lay aside the duties of the farm for some time.

On the 1st day of January, 1862, Mr. MOORE and Miss Fannie B. RODD were united in marriage. The lady was born on Prince Edward Island, January, 4, 1846, and is a daughter of John and Caroline (HORN) RODD, whose sketch appears on another page of this volume. Six children have been born unto Mr. and Mrs. MOORE, all born on the old homestead. Phila M., the eldest, is the wife of Harry BLAKELY, a farmer of Nebraska; Carrie E. is now the wife of Herman SCHRODER, of Center township, Weltha E., Edith A., Mary F. and Zelia D. complete the family. Mr. MOORE is now the owner of the old homestead consisting of 120 acres of arable land. Since coming into his possessions he has made improvements upon it, and the farm is considered one of the best in Magnolia Township. The stock is of the best grades, the barns and outbuildings are well kept and every thing about the place denotes the thrift and industry of the owner. In his pleasant home he is surrounded by all the comforts of life, and he has become one of the well-to-do farmers of the community. Mr. MOORE casts his ballot with the Democratic party, and has been called upon to fill various township offices, and discharges his duties in a manner satisfactory to all concerned. Socially, he is a member of the Masonic fraternity of Evansville. Energetic and progressive, he has made his life a success, and has won the respect of all with whom business or pleasure have brought him in contact.

Taken from "The Portrait and Biographical Album of Rock County, Wis." (c)1889, pp. 814-815.



Zeba Clark MOORE, the ninth child of Phila (WRIGHT) MOORE and her husband William MOORE, was born in Jefferson, Erie County, New York on February 29, 1836. As a young boy he manifested an appreciation of those qualities of heart and mind that go to form a manly character. This standard of rigor seemed naturally to be based upon the Golden Rule. All with whom he associated loved him as a friend, knowing that they could trust him as an honorable character. He was a serious man of a talkative, argumentative, thinking mind, a man of steady purpose and calm judgment. In politics Zeba MOORE was a Democrat. He went to Wisconsin and settled in the vicinity of his older brother's homes on a farm. He made the acquaintance of Rhoda RODD, a native of Prince Edwards Island, where she was born January 4, 1846. She moved with her father to Wisconsin where she met and married Zeba MOORE on January 1, 1868. This was a happy marriage and Mrs. MOORE was the "bright particular star" of this harmonious household.

February 2, 1865 Zeba C. MOORE was enrolled as a Union Soldier in Company I, 44th regiment of Wisconsin Infantry, under Captain Leonard House, to serve one year, or during the war. He contracted Rheumatism almost immediately after joining the army, and was treated in the hospital at Paducah, Kentucky and at Jefferson in Indiana. Mr. MOORE was corporal after February 18, 1865. He was honorably discharged from U.S. service July 10, 1865 at Louisville, Kentucky, in consequence of ill health, after which he returned to his home and settled at Evansville, Wisconsin, where he prospered as a farmer, but was always afterwards a sufferer of rheumatism, contracted in the army.

Zeba C. MOORE had six children, namely:

- Phila M. MOORE, who married Harry A. BLAKELY
- Carrie E. MOORE, who married Herman SCHROEDER
- Wealthy E. MOORE, who married George FERRIS
- Edith A. MOORE, who married Arthur WOODSTOCK
- Mary F. MOORE
- Zelig D. MOORE

Zeba C. MOORE died in 1916 and is buried in Maple Hill Cemetery, Evansville, Wisconsin.

Courtesy of [Donald Moore](#)